

Alcohol 4,13-14,28
 Allergy 42,63
 Anemia, pale mucosa 65
 Areca-nut chewing, oral submucous fibrosis 56
 Aspirin burn, oral mucosa 40
 Atrophy of tongue papillae
 central 80-81
 depapillation, submucous fibrosis 56-57,60
 Autoimmunity, submucous fibrosis 56

Bajjar 99
 Betel quid (pan)
 chewing
 cancer, oral 7
 encrustation 82-83 ,
 leukoplakia 34-35
 oral lichen planus-like lesion 83-84
 stain 82
 constituents 95
 Bidi
 cancer, oral, 7,10-11,13
 central papillary atrophy of the tongue 80-81
 constituents 90-91
 leukoplakia
 bilateral 33
 ulcerated 33
 palatal erythema 77-80
 smoker's palate 76-77
 Blanching
 diffuse 58
 floor of the mouth 61
 labial mucosa 59
 ocalized 57-58,65
 reticular 58
 tongue 60
 Burn
 chemical (see aspirin burn) 40
 palate, (thermal) due to eating piping-hot rice 49
 ulcerated areas, reverse smoking 48-49
 Burning sensation, submucous fibrosis 57

Cancer, oral
 alveolar ridge 15
 buccal mucosa/groove 7-9
 early detection 24
 etiology 1
 exophytic 2,14,15
 extension, bone 15
 floor of the mouth 13-14
 gingiva 14-15
 incidence 1
 labial
 commissure 7
 groove 14
 mucosa 5
 multicentric 16-17
 palate, hard 12,13,52-53
 tongue
 base 10
 borders 11
 dorsum 11,12,53
 ulcerative 2-3,9
 vermilion border 4-5
 Carcinoma
 squamous cell 1,17,55
 verrucous 3-4,8-9,17-18
 Candida albicans
 leukoplakia, frequency 35-36
 Candidiasis, acute pseudomembranous 39-40
 Central papillary atrophy of the tongue 80-81
 Chillie, submucous fibrosis 56
 Chilum 93-94
 Chutta, reverse smoking 12,13,27,47,54-55,91
 Cigar/chemot/chulta 91
 Cigarette 30,90
 Coexistence
 cancer, oral
 with leukoplakia 9
 with submucous fibrosis 66
 palatal changes
 components (multimorphic) 51
 with nonpalatal lesions 51-52

Dental restoration, lesion related 42
 Denture
 irritation
 hyperplasia 21
 ulceration 21
 stomatitis 79
 Dhurnti
 palatal lesion, reverse smoking 48
 preparations 48,91-92
 reverse smoking 48,92
 smoker's palate 77
 Dryness of mouth, submucous fibrosis 57
 Dysphagia, sideropenic 27

Epithelial dysplasia
 erythroplakia 55

116 Tobacco-related Oral Mucosal Lesions and Conditions

- leukoplakia 35
 - nonpigmented areas, reverse smoking 51
 - red areas, reverse smoking 48,55
 - submucous fibrosis 66
 - verrucous hyperplasia 17
 - Erythroplakia
 - epithelial dysplasia 55
 - malignant transformation 55
 - prevalence 54
 - squamous cell carcinoma 55
 - Erythroplasia of Queyrat 54
 - Etiology (pathogenesis)
 - cancer, oral 1
 - leukoplakia 28
 - submucous fibrosis 56
 - Examination technique, mouth 101-104
 - Excrescences 47,48,51

 - Fibroma 19
 - Fibrosis, oral submucous 12,27,56-67
 - Fordyce's condition 42

 - Glossitis, median rhomboid 80
 - Granuloma, pyogenic 20
 - Gudhaku 99

 - Hemangioma 19-20
 - Hookah 94
 - Hookly 92-93
 - HIV 81
 - HPV 28
 - Hyperpigmentation
 - palate, reverse smoking 50
 - submucous fibrosis 63
 - Hyperplasia
 - irritation 21
 - papillary, palate 78-79
 - verrucous, buccal mucosa 17-18
 - Hypersalivation, submucous fibrosis 57

 - Incidence
 - cancer 1
 - cancer, oral 1
 - Injury, self-inflicted 22-23
 - Irritation hyperplasia 21

 - Keratosis 47,51
 - Khaini* (tobacco-lime preparation) 5,34,37,97-98
 - Kombu (wind instrument)
 - exponent 40
 - lesion, associated 40
 - regression 41-42
 - Leukoedema 75-76
 - Leukokeratosis nicotina palati 76-77

 - Leukoplakia associated with betel-quid chewing 34-35
 - bidi smoking 32-33
 - hookli smoking 30-31
 - khaini use 34
 - mishri application 31
 - bilateral, labial commissures 33-34
 - buccal mucosa 34-35
 - definition 28
 - floor of the mouth 38-39
 - gingiva 31,39
 - homogeneous 29,32,35
 - labial mucosa 30-31
 - malignant transformation 43-44,53
 - natural history 42-43
 - nodular 30,35,36
 - palate, hard 39
 - pigmentation, associated 30,32
 - prevalence 28
 - tongue
 - border 37
 - dorsum 37,53
 - ventral surface 38-39
 - ulcerated 30,32-33
- Lichen planus., oral
 - annular form 71
 - diagnostic criteria 68
 - erosive form 69,73
 - linear form 71
 - malignant transformation 73
 - multiple forms 71-72
 - natural history 73
 - pigmentation, associated 71
 - plaque form 69
 - prevalence 68
 - reticular form 69
 - Wickham's striae 68,69
- Lichen planus-like lesion, oral 83-84
- Lipoma 19
- Lymph node, oral cancer 5,6,8,12,13,15,26
-
- Mainpuri tobacco 95
- Malignant transformation
 - erythroplakia 55
 - leukoplakia 43-44,53
 - lichen planus, oral 73
 - palatal changes 52-53
 - preleukoplakia 75
 - submucous fibrosis 66-67
- Mawa
 - etiology, submucous fibrosis 56
 - product description 96-97
- Median rhomboid glossitis 80
- Mishri

- application 99
 - product description 99
 - Metastasis 3.5.26
- Natural history
 - central papillary atrophy of the tongue 81
 - leukoplakia 42-43
 - lichen planus, oral 73
 - palatal changes (reverse smoking) 52
 - palatal erythema 79-80
 - submucous fibrosis 65-66
- Nevus, white sponge 29.42
- Nonpigmented areas 50-51, 63 (see also pigmentation)
- Other lesions, tobacco-related 75-84
- Palatal changes, reverse smokers
 - classification 47
 - coexistence, nonpalatal lesions 51-52
 - excrescences 48
 - hyperpigmentation 50
 - keratosis 47
 - multimorphic 51
 - natural history 52
 - nonpigmented areas 50-51
 - patches 47,48,51
 - red areas 47,48,54-55
 - ulcerated areas 48-49
- Palatal erythema 54,77-80
- Pan (see betel quid)
 - encrustation 82-83
 - etiology (see areca-nut chewing), submucous fibrosis, oral 56
 - masala 95
 - stain 82
- Papillary hyperplasia, palate 78-80
- Papilloma 19
- Patches, reverse smoking 47,48,53
- Petechiae, submucous fibrosis 64
- Pigmentation
 - hyper 50,63
 - leukoplakia 30,32
 - lichen planus, oral 71
 - loss (nonpigmented areas) 50-51,63
- Precancer, oral
 - conditions 27
 - lesions 27
- Preleukoplakia 75
- Prevalence
 - central papillary atrophy of the tongue 80
 - erythroplakia 54
 - hookli* smoking 93
 - leukoedema 76
 - leukoplakia 28
 - lichen planus 68
 - lichen planus-like lesion, oral 83
 - preleukoplakia 75
 - smoker's palate 76
 - submucous fibrosis 56
- tobacco-lime user's lesion 82
- Prevention, primary
 - day-to-day practice 85
 - effects 85
- Prognosis, cancer, oral 9,15,17,24,26
- Pyogenic granuloma 20
- Queyrat's erythroplasia 54
- Red area, reverse smoking 48,51,54-55
- Regression
 - central papillary atrophy of the tongue (repapillation) 81
 - leukoedema 76
 - leukoplakia 43
 - lichen planus, oral 73
 - lichen planus-like lesion, oral 84
 - palate changes, reverse smoking 52
 - erythema 79-80
 - pan encrustation 83
 - smoker's palate 77
- Retinoids, leukoplakia 45
- Reverse smoking
 - chutta 12-13,27,47,54-55,91
 - dhurnti 92
 - palatal changes 47-53
- Scleroderma 64,65
- Self-inflicted injury, tongue 22-23
- Sialometaplasia, necrotizing 13
- Sideropenic dysphagia 27
- Smokeless tobacco, usage patterns (see tobacco) 89,95-99
- Smoker's palate
 - bidi smokers' 76-77
 - dhurnti smokers' 77
 - prevalence 76
 - Smoking, various forms (see tobacco) 90-94
- Stomatitis, nutritional deficiency 54
- Squamous cell carcinoma
 - erythroplakia 55
 - frequency 1
- Submucous fibrosis
 - areca-nut chewing 56
 - associated features 63-64
 - autoimmunity 56

118 Tobacco-related Oral Mucosal Lesions and Conditions

- blanching
 - diffused 58
 - floor of the mouth 61
 - labial mucosa 59
 - localized 57,59,65
 - reticular 58
 - tongue 60
 - buccal mucosa 59-60
 - cancer, oral, coexistence 66
 - definition and criteria 56-57
 - diagnostic pitfalls 64-65
 - dysplasia, epithelial 66
 - etiology 56
 - floor of the mouth 61
 - gingiva 62
 - labial mucosa 59
 - leukoplakia, coexistence 66
 - malignant transformation 66-67
 - mucosal pallor, anemia 65
 - natural history 65-66
 - palate, soft 61
 - petechiae 64
 - pigmentation changes 63
 - prevalence 56
 - tongue 60
 - treatment 67
 - ulceration 63-64
 - uvula 61-62
 - vesicle 63
 - Sunlight 4-5
 - Syphilis 27
- TNM, tumor staging system 107-108
- Tobacco habits, India
- harmful substances 89
 - reasons for use 89
 - smoking, various forms
 - bidi 90-91
 - cheroot 91
 - chutta 91
 - cigar 91
 - cigarette 90
 - dhurnti 91-92
 - hookah 94
 - hookli 92-93
 - reverse
 - chutta 91
 - dhurnti 92
- smokeless, usage patterns
- bajjar 99
 - creamy snuff 99
 - gudhaku 99
 - mainpuri tobacco 95
 - mawa 96-97
 - mishri
 - application 99
 - product description 99
 - pan(betel quid) 95
 - panmasala 95
 - red tooth powder 99
 - tobacco-lime preparation (khaini) 97-99
- Tobacco-lime user's lesion 82
- Topography, oral mucosa 101, 104-106
- Traumatic lesions 20-21
- Treatment (management)
- cancer, oral 9,24
 - erythroplakia 55
 - leukoplakia 45-46
 - submucous fibrosis 67
 - verrucous hyperplasia 18
- Tuberculous ulcer 23
- Tumor staging, TNM system 107-108
- Ulcer
- areas 48-49
 - cancer, oral 3
 - leukoplakia 30,32-33
 - traumatic 20-21
 - tuberculous 23
- Verrucous
- carcinoma 3-4,8-9,17-18
 - hyperplasia 17-18
 - Vesicle, submucous fibrosis 63
- White patch
- leukoplakia 28
 - verrucous carcinoma 3
 - plaque, lichen planus 69
 - sponge nevus 29,42
- Wind instrument (see also kombu)
- exponent 40
 - lesion 40
 - regression 42